Входная диагностическая работа по Английскому языку Для учащихся 9 классов

Работа состоит из 3 частей.

Раздел 1(задание на аудирование- 20 баллов) содержит 5 заданий на соотнесение говорящих с их утверждениями.

Раздел 2(задание по чтению-14 баллов) содержит задание на понимание основного содержания прочитанных текстов.

Раздел 3(задание по грамматике и лексике-18 баллов) включает в себя задания, предполагающие краткий ответ. При выполнении этих заданий нужно самостоятельно записать ответ в соответствующем месте работы.

Общее время проведения работы 45 минут.

Всего 52 балла

Для всех заданий ответы записываются в отведённом для этого месте, заносится в таблицу.

В случае записи неверного ответа зачеркните его и запишите рядом новый.

При выполнении заданий Вы можете пользоваться черновиком.

Баллы, полученные Вами за выполненные задания, суммируются.

Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов.

Желаем успеха!

Критерии оценивания:

«5» - 45-52 баллов (87% - 100%)

 $\langle \! \langle 4 \rangle \! \rangle$  - 34 — 44 баллов (66% -86%)

«3» - 22–33 баллов (42% - 65%)

«2» - 0 - 21 баллов (0% - 41%)

# Variant 1 Listening

Listen to the people talk about travelling on a radio program and then match the speakers (1-5) to statements (A-E).

| A. The speaker does some research before visiting a place.  | Speaker 1 |
|---|-----------|
| B. The speaker prefers more active holidays.                | Speaker 2 |
| C. The speaker does not like to visit the same place twice. | Speaker 3 |
| D. The speaker only visits places he/she knows very well.   | Speaker 4 |
| E. The speaker prefers travelling alone.                    | Speaker 5 |
|   | _         |

#### 2. Reading

Match the paragraphs (A-G) to the headings (1-8). There is one extra heading:

- A. Russia, also officially known as the Russian Federation, is the largest country in the world. Its territory is 17,075,400 square kilometers. According to scientists, the country's territory would almost cover the surface of the planet Pluto. It is the only country which is washed by 3 oceans and 12 seas. Russia is considered to be a European country, but two-thirds of the country are in Asia. However, most of the population lives in the European part of Russia.
- B. Siberian Lake Baikal is the largest pool of fresh water on the planet. All the 12 major rivers of the world (the Volga, the Don, the Yenisei, the Ob, the Ganges, the Amazon, etc.) would need to flow almost a year to fill a pool equal to the volume of Lake Baikal. Another impressive fact is that even if all the rest of the planet's fresh water supply were to disappear, there would be enough fresh water left in Lake Baikal to supply the people of the earth for up to 50 years.
- C. Russia is the country with the largest forest reserves in the world. 45% of its territory is covered in green forests. The forests are located in the European north of the country, in Siberia and in the Far East. Forests play an important role in the life and welfare of people. Russian forests are the biggest 'lungs' of the Earth. They produce oxygen and clean the atmosphere of carbon dioxide and other pollutants.
- D. There are more than five thousand languages in the world. Russian is one of the five major world languages. 280 million people around the world speak Russian and it is one of the most widely spoken native languages in Europe. The United Nations uses Russian as one of the official languages of the organization. It is also used in international commerce, politics, academic and cultural life.
- E. For its collection of books, the Russian State Library is considered to be the biggest in Europe and one of the largest in the world. The Russian State Library was founded in 1862, in Moscow. The library has over 275 km of shelves with more than 43 million items, including books, journals and magazines, art publications, music scores and sound records, maps and other things. There are items in 247 languages of the world.
- F. Russia is known all over the world for its space programmes. In 1957 the Soviet Union launched Sputnik 1, the first artificial satellite in the world. Four years later, in 1961, human space flight was accomplished. Soviet cosmonaut Yuri Gagarin was the first man to journey into space. He orbited the Earth and landed the same day. There are other impressive space achievements of the country like the first long space flight, the first woman cosmonaut in space, and the first spacewalk.
- G. One of the most popular souvenirs tourists buy in Russia is the Matryoshka. It is a doll made of wood and painted with colourful ornaments. Although the Matryoshka is called a doll, it is actually a set of dolls of different sizes placed inside one another. A traditional Russian

| Matryoshka has  | big black eyes, | red healthy o | cheeks and   | a friendly    | smile. S | he wears | a national |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------|----------|------------|
| Russian costume | and often has   | some flower   | s or a baske | et of fruit i | n her ha | ınds.    |            |

- A huge diamond of water
   A famous Russian toy
- 3. Named after a famous scientist
  4. Getting higher than the sky
- 5. The fresh air producer
- 6. Famous for its size
- 7. A great source of knowledge 8. Spoken all over the world

# Answers:

| Текст     | A | В | C | D | E | F | G |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Заголовок |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

| 3.Voc   | cabulary and Grammar                                 |   |
|---------|--|---|
| Comp    | plete the sentences with words derived from the w    | vords in bold.                            |
|         | ael could not imagine his life without computers.    |   |
| first c | computer at the age of seven. It took 2              | (HE) several days to learn how to use it. |
| His m   | num said that the younger people were much 3         | (FAST) than adults at                     |
| learni  | ng computer skills. That was probably true – mo      | st 4 (CHILD) in Michael's                 |
| class   | were very competent computer users. Michael wa       | as really surprised to find out that the  |
|         | personal computer 5(INVENT)in the 7                  |   |
|         | how did you chat or send your e-mails without co     |   |
| She sr  | miled: "We 6(NOT/SEND) each other                    | e-mails. And there were no networks."     |
|         | lso said that it 7(BE) fun to communicate            |   |
| to visi | it friends' homes.                                   |   |
| "But i  | if there 8(BE) no computers, I wouldn'               | 't be able to communicate with my friends |
|         | ive far away from me," Michael replied.              |   |
| "True   | e. Technological progress is a great thing," his mot | ther said "And I think people             |
| 9       | (CREATE) even more amazing communication             | ation devices in the near future."        |
| Answ    | ers:   |   |
| 1       |  |   |
| 2       |  |   |
| 3       |  |   |
| 4       |  |   |
| 5       |  |   |
| 6       |  |   |
| 7       |  |   |
| 8       |  |   |
| 9       |  |   |

# Variant 2

Listening

Listen to the people talk about travelling on a radio program and then match the speakers (1-5) to statements (A-E).

#### 2. Reading

Match the paragraphs (A-G) to the headings (1-8). There is one extra heading:

- A. The age between 14 and 17 is often considered to be one of the best periods in a person's life. Grown-ups remember it with excitement and happiness. The wish they were teenagers again. However, most teenagers won't agree with this point of view if they were asked. They're sure that they are facing a lot of difficult problems and that's quite true.
- B. Smoking has become one of the most important problems for modern teenagers. About 40 percent of teenagers are attracted by the bright cigarette advertisement. It seems they just don't realize the harm it does to their health, because advertisements show smoking as something positive. They really believe that smoking will make them look like they're cool and grown-up.
- C. In fact, teenagers have got a lot of work. They're busy with their studies, household chores, some of them have jobs. They can't even find a moment to entertain themselves at times. It's a more serious problem especially for those who are responsible and want to be successful students and good children.
- D. The problem number one for most young people is between fathers and sons. All young people want to be independent, they want their parents to listen to their opinion. As for parents, they want to control their children's lives. At the same time some parents can't find a common language with their kids and simply don't pay enough attention to them.
- E. They say that all teenagers want to have a lot of money to dress well, to go to theatres, to visit foreign countries, to eat what they want and to buy books. But how can they do all these things? They have to get some money and it's possible to do it. Some teenagers wash cars, others sell newspapers, help elderly people and babysit.
- F. School ages are also very difficult. Children are always stressed because of their marks at school. It seems to teenagers that they do a lot of homework, but mothers and fathers are never satisfied. They want their children to have the highest marks at school. Teenagers do their best, but adults are never happy. They always want more.
- G. There are many organizations which unite young people. Teenagers get together because of common interests and beliefs. Members of every organisations have their own attitudes to the world. There are some informal clubs, for example: emos, hippies, punks, and so on. However,

| some teenagers | -14-      | · - ·     |          |         | 1:1   | <b>C</b>        |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| some reenagers | choose to | ioin more | cerionic | orollne | IIK A | t treenneace    |
| some teemagers | CHOOSC tO | TOTH HIGH | SCIIOUS  | ZIOUDS  | IIIC  | Official peace. |

- Generation gap
   Attractive but unhealthy
- 3. Youth movements and societies
- 4. Always busy
- 5. Conflicts with friends6. Parents' ambitions
- 7. Are teenagers happy?
- 8. They want to earn and spend

# Answers:

| Текст     | A | В | С | D | Е | F | G |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Заголовок |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

| 3. Vocabulary and Gra  | ammar                         |                                 |                        |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Complete the sentend   | ces with words derived from   | n the words in bold.            |                        |
| Stonehenge is an anc   | ient monument in south-wes    | st England. For me, it's the    |                        |
| 1                      | (INTERESTING) place I         | I've ever visited. I clearly re | emember my             |
| 2                      | (ONE) visit to Stoneheng      | ge with my aunt and uncle.      | They lived nearby      |
| and I often 3          | (GO) to stay v                | with them in my summer ho       | olidays. On the day    |
| of 4                   | (WE) trip the weather         | was fine. There 5               | (BE) a                 |
| cool wind blowing, th  | ne sun was bright in the sky  | and Stonehenge looked cal       | lm and magical. In     |
| those days it was pos  | sible to walk among the stor  | nes and even touch them. It     | t's very different now |
| Stonehenge 6           | (BECOME)                      | more crowded than it was.       | As a result, now       |
| people 7               | (ALLOW) to wall               | k around the monument but       | t they can't come up   |
| very close to it. Toda | y I wish I had an opportunit  | ty to get inside the circle ag  | ain but                |
| 8(fort                 | unate) it is not possible any | more. The Stonehenge my         | stery is still         |
| unexplained but I bel  | ieve scientists 9             | (SOLVE) it in the               | ne near future.        |
|                        |                               |                                 |                        |
| Answers                |                               |                                 |                        |
|                        |                               |                                 |                        |

| 1 |  |
|---|--|
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 6 |  |
| 7 |  |
| 8 |  |
| 9 |  |

- Variant 1
- 1.Listening
- Speaker 1 C
- Speaker 2 B
- Speaker 3 A
- Speaker 4 D
- Speaker 5 E
- 2.Reading
- A-6
- B-1
- C-5
- D-8
- E-7
- F-4
- G-2
- 3. Vocabulary and Grammar
- 1-bought
- 2- him
- 3-faster
- 4- children
- 5-was invented
- 6-didn't send
- 7-was
- 8-were
- 9-will create

Variant 2

1.Listening

Speaker 1 C

Speaker 2 B

Speaker 3 A

Speaker 4 D

Speaker 5 E

2 Reading
A-7
B-2
C-4
D-1
E-8
F-6
G-3
3. Vocabulary and Grammar
1-the most interesting
2- first
3-went
4-our
5-was
6-has become

7-are allowed 8-unfortunately 9-will solve

9 класс. Полугодовая контрольная работа

## I. Listening (Аудирование)

1. Вы услышите пять высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–E и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–6. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

Нажмите кнопку 3014.mp3, чтобы прослушать запись.

- 1. The speaker explains what stops him/her from skiing.
- 2. The speaker talks about his/her first skiing experience.
- 3. The speaker explains why he/she prefers skiing to other sports.
- 4. The speaker describes professional skiing equipment.
- 5. The speaker describes a ski resort facilities.
- 6. The speaker talks about a ski racing competition.

| Говорящий   | A | В | С | D | Е |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Утверждение |   |   |   |   |   |

2. Вы услышите пять высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A—E и утверждениями, данными в списке 1—6. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1—6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

Нажмите кнопку 3029.mp3, чтобы прослушать запись.

1. The speaker talks about his/her childhood dream.

- 2. The speaker talks about his/her recent day-off.
- 3. The speaker explains how to grow a garden.
- 4. The speaker explains about healthy eating habits.
- 5. The speaker talks about his/her new hobby.
- 6. The speaker explains how to cook a special dish.

| Говорящий   | A | В | С | D | Е |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Утверждение |   |   |   |   |   |

# II. Reading (Чтение)

Read the text and do the tasks below.

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между текстами А–G и заголовками 1–8. В ответ запишите цифры, в порядке, соответствующем буквам. Используйте каждую цифру

- a. A false stereotype
- b. An unlucky symbol
- c. A colourful present
- d. A world famous journey
- e. One and the same name
- f. The national food
- g. A talisman for luck
- h. Old holiday traditions
- 11. When you think of the Irish, you often picture a red-haired person dressed all in green. However, it's just a popular myth which has grown into a tradition, particularly in the United States. It's customary in Ireland to wear green clothes only on St. Patrick's Day. Lots of people are tricked by this cliche. However, originally, the colour associated with Saint Patrick was not green, but blue.
- 12. In Ireland, the colour green was long considered to bring bad fortune. The reason is that in Irish folklore green is the favourite color of the Good People (the proper name for fairies). Myths run that they are likely to steal people, especially children, who wear too much of the colour. In the past, a girl would never wear anything green on her wedding day.
- 13. Christmas is a very important celebration in Ireland. After dinner on Christmas Eve, it is common for families to leave milk and bread on the table as a sign of friendliness and kindness. Another custom is to leave the door unlocked. A lit candle is left in a window during the night. It represents help for any traveller who is passing by.
- **14.** Potatoes form the basis for many traditional Irish dishes. They are eaten boiled,mashed, fried, baked, you name it. Potatoes are mixed with cabbage or green onions to make traditional Irish dishes. They are also made into potato cakes and used in soups or stews. It's common to find potatoes cooked in two different ways on the same dinner plate.
- **15.** The shamrock is still a popular sign of good fortune in Ireland. It is believed that anyone who possesses one will be blessed with fortune in everything, even in gambling, and will be saved from the evil of witches. There are certain conditions to be met so that its power remains effective: the owner of the shamrock must keep it away from the public eye and never give it to anyone else.

- **16.** The name Gulliver is known to everyone due to the book or the film about the fantastic trip of the English doctor. However, not all of us remember the name of the author Jonathan Swift, an Irish writer, who was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1667. In his book Gulliver's Travels a man went to an island where strange tiny people lived. His life there was full of adventures and dangers, he met there friends and enemies.
- 17. Ireland is known as the native land of limericks short humorous poems that have five lines. They make people laugh and are easy to remember! Lots of poets and writers were fond of limericks. The word "limerick" probably comes from the Irish town of Limerick. The short poem has made the town known all over the world.

| Текст     | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Заголовок |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

True /False/ Not stated

- 18. Irish are superstitious people
- 19. Limerick has become very popular due to humorous poems
- 20. Irish wear blue clothes as this color is their favourite one

21. That dress ...... great on Maria; pink is really her colour.

A is looking B has been looking C looks

22. Why ...... this cheese? Is there something wrong with it?

A you are smelling B do you smell C are you smelling

23. Kate has not walked under a ladder ....... she heard it was bad luck.

A for B since C ago

24. Meryl is the girl..... is having the party on Friday.

A which B who c whose

25. I am thinking ... a house. Do you think that's a good idea?

A to buy B of buying C of to buy

26. I used ... a lot when I was younger.

A to drink Coke B to drinking Coke C drinking Coke

27. She noticed ... away from the house.

A he run b his to run C him run

28. I am tired. I'd rather ... out this evening, if you don't mind.

A not going B not go C don't go

29. You can't stop me ... what I want.

A to do b to doing C doing

30. He ... his key and he has been trying to wake his flatshare by throwing stones at his window.

A lost B has lost C have lost

#### IV. Writing. (Письмо) 100-120 слов

You've received a letter from your English-speaking friend, Linda. Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions.

...My granny is such a kind person. She always brings us presents for everything we celebrate. And I love all her presents! For example, at Christmas she gave me the coolest computer game, it was something I had been dreaming of ...

... What holidays do you celebrate with your family? What is your favourite holiday and why? What is the best present you've ever received?

Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions. Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

#### **KEYS**

#### 1. Аудирование.

Speaker A. I love sports. But I've never been very extreme. Recently my friend had a ski holyday it the mountains. But I chose to stay at home. First: I hate cold. I don't enjoy staying outdoors longer than half an hour. Second: I found ski boots so heavy and uncomfortable. And the last but the main reason: is that I could fall over and hurt myself.

Speaker B. I think that winter is the best season of the year and I take every opportunity to do winter sports. I like skiing best of all. First of all it's very exciting to ski down the slope. Lots of people from different places go to skiing and I like to meet new friends. And finally, when you ski you enjoy the wonderful nature, the beautiful landscape and the fresh air of the mountains.

Speaker C. I sometimes go to the ski resorts with my friends. However, when I first tried this sport it was a great failure. I spent about half an hour putting the boots on! They were heavy, and it was difficult to move in them. Anyway, I got to the hill and fastened the skies and started to slide down! I wasn't able to stop! It was really frightened. At last, I fell over and stopped. Very painful.

Speaker D. I ski quite serious and I often take part in different competitions: local, national, international. Safety is very important for this sport. Apart from quality skies, good boots are important. They should be strong and high to protect the ankles. The helmet is also necessary. I also wear sport glasses and the skiing mask to protect my face from the sun, the wind and the snow.

Speaker E. When we go skiing we always stay in one and the same hotel, it's in a very beautiful place in the mountains and sometimes even the international competitions are held there. Apart from several ski centers where we hire skies there are restaurants there and medical center, different souvenir shops and several ski-lifts that can take you up to the top of the mountains very quikly.

- A-1: I've never been very extreme... I chose to stay at home... I hate cold... I find ski boots very heavy and uncomfortable...
- B-3: I do winter sports... skiing best of all... enjoy wonderful nature and fresh air..
- C-2: However, when I first try... it was a great failure...
- D-4: Safety is very important... helmet is necessary... quality skies...
- E-5: We stay in the same hotel... there are restaurants, a medical centre, several ski lifts...

# Ответ: 13245.

Speaker A. I like family celebrations, when several generations gather around the table and talk and exchange news. My grandmother and I usually make a large apple pie. Everyone in the family loves it. It's a traditional recipe. To make the apples taste fresh and stay crispy we add some lemon juice with sugar and vanilla. It's also important to take the pie out of the iron in time.

Speaker B. it was warm and sunny last weekend and we were glad to spend a couple of days outdoors. We went to a bus trip in a nearby town famous for its parks and a large fruit garden. The garden looks fantastic and most of the apple trees are in blossom. In a café we enjoyed some fruit tea with the delicious apple pie.

Speaker C. I used to do swimming and cycling but now I've got new interests in life. I start drawing. I go to the art school and I like it very much. Today we drew a still life. There are different things like fruits, flowers and other house art objects. We drew a vase with apples. I never thought it could be so difficult to make the apples look realistic on the picture.

Speaker D. my mom always says that the food we eat should be not only tasty but good for our bodies too. That's why she includes lot's of fruits and vegetables in our menu. She prefers local season fruits to exotic ones. And believes that there is nothing better than green apples from our garden. An apple a day keeps a doctor away, she says. And I think she is right.

Speaker E. when I was little I spent lots of time in my granny's. she and her neighbour had large gardens which makes the village look fantastic. I wanted to be a gardener to take care of flowers, cherry and apple trees as I enjoyed it very much. I also wanted to grew some more beautiful flower and give it my grannies name – Nancy. But that never came true. I work as a sales manager in a telephone company now.

- A-6: I like family celebrations... a large apple pie... to make the apples stay fresh...
- B-2: It was warm and sunny last weekend and we were happy to spend time outdoors...
- C-5: I used to do swimming and cycling but now I've got another interest of life. I've become keen on drawing...
- D-4: the food we eat should be not only tasty... she includes lots of fruit and vegetables in our menu... There's nothing better than a green apple from our garden...
- E-1: When I was little I spent time with my grandmother... a large garden... I wanted to be a gardener... to grow a beautiful flower...

#### Ответ: 62541.

#### П. Чтение

#### Пояснение.

- a-11: When you think of the Irish, you often picture a red-haired person dressed all in green. However, it's just a popular myth which has grown into a tradition, particularly in the United States.
- b-12: In Ireland, the colour green was long considered to bring bad fortune. The reason is that in Irish folklore green is the favourite colour of the Good People (the proper name for fairies).
- h-13: Christmas is a very important celebration in Ireland. After dinner on Christmas Eve, it is common for families to leave milk and bread on the table as a sign of friendliness and kindness. Another custom is to leave the door unlocked. A lit candle is left in a window during the night.
- d-16: Potatoes form the basis for many traditional Irish dishes. They are eaten boiled, mashed, fried, baked, you name it. Potatoes are mixed with cabbage or green onions to make traditional Irish dishes.
- e-17: The shamrock is still a popular sign of good fortune in Ireland. It is believed that anyone who possesses one will be blessed with fortune in everything, even in gambling, and will be saved from the evil of witches.
- f-14: The name Gulliver is known to everyone due to the book or the film about the fantastic trip of the English doctor. However, not all of us remember the name of the author Jonathan Swift, an Irish writer, who was born in Dublin
- g-15: Ireland is known as the native land of limericks short humorous poems that have five lines. They make people laugh and are easy to remember! The word "limerick probably" comes from the Irish town of Limerick.

## OTBET: 11a12b 13h 14f 15g 16d 17e; True false not stated

### **Grammar**

- 21. looks c
- 22. are smelling c
- 23. since b
- 24. b
- 25. b
- 26. a
- 27. c
- 28. b
- 29. c 30. b

Final test 9<sup>th</sup> form.

#### Listening

1. Listen to some people talking about challenges and match the speakers (1-5) to the statements (A-E).

A Works part-time in his dad's restaurant after school

B Went trekking in the mountains with his friends

C Likes skydiving, kitesurfing, whitewater rafting and others

Speaker 2 ....

Speaker 3 ....

D Her friends like TVs and computers more than sport E Doesn't understand extreme sport, «better safe than sorry»

Speaker 4 .... Speaker 5 ....

\_/5

\_/5

## Reading

2. Read the text and mark statements T (True), F (False).

# **ALEXANDER VEREINOV**

History has proven time and time again that there are people who can rise above difficulties and face great challenges in a way that is inspiring to all. Many people with serious disabilities often manage to not only look past their condition, but even go on to achieve greatness. Two shining examples of this are Ludwig van Beethoven and Helen Keller.

Another brilliant case is that of Alexander Vereinov, a famous Russian artist. Born in 1956, Vereinov suffers from cerebral palsy, a condition which seriously affects body and muscle movement. His first attempts at painting began at a special hospital for children suffering from cerebral palsy, where he spent his childhood. Since he had no control of his hands, Vereinov used his mouth to hold his paintbrushes. The problem was that the people at the hospital were afraid he would hurt himself, so he wasn't allowed to paint; which is why he did all his works of art at night, in secret.

Today, Alexander Vereinov is an internationally recognised mouth artist, who has produced many stunning originals as well as reproductions of well-known paintings. His original works include the portraits of Leo Tolstoy and Alexander Pushkin. Some say that his reproductions of other well-known paintings are nearly impossible to tell from the original.

However, Vereinov's activity does not end here. Together with Maxim Goubanov, a Russian philanthropist, he works towards raising money for the Alexander Vereinov Disabled Russian Citizens Fund. This is an organisation that aims to provide wheelchairs, medicine, food and other necessities to disabled people who do not have enough means to support themselves. Indeed, Alexander

Vereinov is an inspirational example of being able to use your inner strength and determination to become successful and then use this success to help others.

- 1. Many people with serious disabilities often manage to go on to achieve greatness. ....
- 2. Vereinov is a famous English artist. ....
- 3. Alexander Vereinov had no control of his hands. ....
- 4. Vereinov's original works include the portraits of Leo Tolstoy and Alexander Pushkin. ....
- 5. He works towards raising money with Mikhail Gayduk....

# **Vocabulary and Grammar**

- 3. Choose the correct item.
- 1. Wasn't it very kind of Jim ... us move the armchair?

A to help C helping

2. They want to have a party so they can say a(n) ... goodbye to summer.

A end B final

3. After she ... her chores, she had some rest.

A do B had done

4. Don't forget to call Mrs White when you... to the office

A get B are being getting

5. Jane asked the police officer where ... her stolen car.

A did they find B they had found

6. This is a school ... parade float won 1<sup>st</sup> prize last year.

A which B why

7. If only I ... so much to do! I'd love to go out.

A didn't have B hadn't had

8. Bill is really afraid of dogs, every time he sees one he just ...

A embarrasses B freezes

9. You've managed to make your little brother cry! Are you happy with ... now?

A myself B yourself

10. If you're looking for a cat, why don't you get one from the animal ...?

A shelter B parking

11. I still have some difficulty ... portraits, but I'll improve with practice.

A painting B to paint

12. Judy is ... person I've ever met, she hardly talks to anyone.

A the most shy B the shyest

13. Though the film has a(n) ... cast, it hasn't received very good reviews

A box office B all-star

14. By the time Luke gets here, we ... for him for more than an hour.

A will wait B will have been waiting

15. This cut on your leg looks bad, you need to ... by a doctor.

A be seen it B have it seen

16. If I ... you, I'd cut down on all that junk food.

A were B had been

17. You can't invite ... you want to the party! We can only have 20 guests.

A whoever B whenever

18. That dress looks ... perfect on you. You should buy it.

A very B absolutely

19. With five children running around, it's not always easy to ... the house tidy.

A keep B do

20. He can't come to the cinema tonight, he ... to a fancy dress party with his sister later. A is going B have gone

#### Writing

- 4. There is a letter from Ann to Tom. Put the paragraphs in the correct order and rewrite the corrected letter in your copybooks.
- 1. I'd better go now as my Dad wants me to help him with his car. Write soon!
- 2. Thanks for your letter. Sorry I haven't answered earlier but I was busy with my school project. Hope you didn't have accidents while hiking!

3. Severodvinsk,Russia 10/05/18

- 4. As for me, I don't have much time on active holidays because I have a lot of homework. My family is more the stay-at-home sort, so I can't spend the time with them somehow actively. My company is my friend and, you know, our trips are usually very jolly. I'd like to try rafting this spring, because it implies a well coordinated team work, good reaction and nerves of steel.
- 5. Dear Tom,
- 6. Love,

Ann

\_/6

# Speaking

- 5. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.
  - 1. What is your favourite season?
  - 2. Where do you usually spend your summer holidays?
  - 3. What do you like to do during your winter holidays?
  - 4. How often do you and your family travel?
  - 5. What type of transport do you find the most convenient?
  - 6. What place in your country would you recommend to a foreign tourist to visit? Why?

\_/6

\_/42

1. C, E, A, B, D
2. T, F, T, T, F
3. A B B A B A A B B A A B B B A A B A A A A A A A A B B B B A A B A A B A A A A A A A A B B B B A A A B A A B A A A B A A B A A A B A A B A A A B A A A B A A B A A A B

Severodvinsk,Russia 10/05/18

Dear Tom,

Thanks for your letter. Sorry I haven't answered earlier but I was busy with my school project. Hope you didn't have accidents while hiking!

As for me, I don't have much time on active holidays because I have a lot of homework. My family is more the stay-at-home sort, so I can't spend the time with them somehow actively. My company is my friend and, you know, our trips are usually very jolly. I'd like to try rafting this spring, because it implies a well coordinated team work, good reaction and nerves of steel.

I'd better go now as my Dad wants me to help him with his car. Write soon! Love,

Ann

#### Критерии проверки

Итоговая контрольная работа состоит из двух частей: письменной (задания 1—4, включающие задания по аудированию, чтению, письменной речи, а также задания на контроль лексико-грамматических навыков выпускников); устной (задание 5, содержащее условный диалог-расспрос на заданную тему).

В контрольной работе проверяется иноязычная коммуникативная компетенция выпускников основной школы. Работа нацелена на проверку речевых умений выпускников в четырех видах речевой деятельности (аудировании, чтении, письме, говорении).

Максимально за данную работу ученик 9 класса может получить 42 балла, из них 5 баллов за аудирование, 5 баллов за выполнение задания по чтению, 20 баллов за лексикограмматический тест, 6 баллов за задание по письму и 6 баллов за устный опрос.

За верное выполнение каждого задания с выбором ответа ученик получает 1 балл. За неверный ответ или отсутствие ответа выставляется 0 баллов. В задании 1 оценивается каждое правильно установленное соответствие. В задании 2 оценивается каждое правильно отмеченное утверждение (верно-неверно). В задании 3 оценивается каждый верный ответ на каждый из 20 тестовых вопросов. Задание 4 подразумевает практическое умение соотнести части письма в логическом порядке, в данном задании оценивается каждая верно расположенная часть письма. В задании 5 ответ оценивается в 1 балл при соответствии его коммуникативной задаче, ответ должен быть правильно и логично выстроен. При несоответствии ответа коммуникативной задаче, такой ответ оценивается в 0 баллов.

Таким образом, выставляются следующие отметки:

«2» 0-49% 0-20 баллов

«3» 50-69% 21-29 баллов

«4» 70-90% 30-37 баллов

«5» 91-100% 38-42 балла